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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/699,589	10/30/2000	Won-Suk Yang	SAM-151	7768
7590 01/05/2004			EXAMINER	
MILLS & ONELLO, LLP			WEISS, HOWARD	
ELEVEN BEACON STREET SUITE 605			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
BOSTON, MA 02108			2814	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(a)	
Office Action Summary		Application No.	Applicant(s) YANG ET AL.	
		09/699,589		
		Examiner	Art Unit	A 1/1
		Howard Weiss	2814	$\perp MW$
Period fe	The MAILING DATE of this communication or Reply	appears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence a	address
THE - Exte after - If the - If NO - Failt - Any	MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION OF THIS C	ON. FR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a r n. a reply within the statutory minimum of thir reriod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON statute, cause the application to become AE	eply be timely filed by (30) days will be considered tim THS from the mailing date of this SANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	iely. communication.
1)🖂	Responsive to communication(s) filed on g	06 October 2003.		
	·····	This action is non-final.		
3)□	Since this application is in condition for all closed in accordance with the practice unc	owance except for formal matt	ers, prosecution as to the 11, 453 O.G. 213.	ne merits is
Disposit	ion of Claims		,	
4) 🖂	Claim(s) 1 and 3-9 is/are pending in the ap	oplication.		
,—	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with			
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6)⊠	Claim(s) 1 and 3-9 is/are rejected.			
	Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
8)	Claim(s) are subject to restriction a	nd/or election requirement.		
Applicat	ion Papers			
9)[The specification is objected to by the Exar	miner.		
10)⊠	The drawing(s) filed on 07 July 2003 is/are	: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objec	ted to by the Examiner.	
	Applicant may not request that any objection to	the drawing(s) be held in abeyan	ice. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).	
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the co	•	• •	` ,
	The oath or declaration is objected to by th	e Examiner. Note the attached	Office Action or form F	PTO-152.
_	under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120			
a) * \$	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docum 2. Certified copies of the priority docum 3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International Bu	nents have been received. nents have been received in A priority documents have been ireau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). Ilist of the certified copies not	pplication No received in this Nationa	
s 3	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domince a specific reference was included in the 7 CFR 1.78.	e first sentence of the specifica	ation or in an Application	
	$oxed{\square}$ The translation of the foreign language Acknowledgment is made of a claim for dom			a specific '
re	eference was included in the first sentence of	of the specification or in an Ap	plication Data Sheet. 37	7 CFR 1.78.
Attachmen	t(s)			
1) 🔯 Notic	e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview S	ummary (PTO-413) Paper No	o(s)
_	ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 5) 🔲 Notice of In	formal Patent Application (P7	
i) 🔲 Infori	mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No	(s) 6) 🔲 Other:	•	

Application/Control Number: 09/699,589

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Attorney's Docket Number: SAM-151

Filing Date: 10/30/00 Continuing Data: none

Claimed Foreign Priority Date: none

Applicant(s): Yang et al. (Song, Jeong, Kim)

Examiner: Howard Weiss

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

1. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

2. Claims 1 and 3 to 9 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. There is no description in the Specification nor depiction in the figures of the pad being formed over the top surface of the stud and also formed in a void region in the second dielectric layer. The pad in the Figures (i.e. 308a and 320) are formed on the side of the stud not over as claimed.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102 and § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:
 - A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -
 - (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

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4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

5. Initially, and with respect to Claims 1 and 7, note that a "product by process" claim is directed to the product per se, no matter how actually made. See *In re Thorpe et al.,* 227 USPQ 964 (CAFC, 1985) and the related case law cited therein which make it clear that it is the final product per se which must be determined in a "product by process" claim, and not the patentability of the process, and that, as here, an old or obvious product produced by a new method is not patentable as a product, whether claimed in "product by process" claims or not. As stated in Thorpe,

even though product-by-process claims are limited by and defined by the process, determination of patentability is based on the product itself. In re Brown, 459 F.2d 531, 535, 173 USPQ 685, 688 (CCPA 1972); In re Pilkington, 411 F.2d 1345, 1348, 162 USPQ 145, 147 (CCPA 1969); Buono v. Yankee Maid Dress Corp., 77 F.2d 274, 279, 26 USPQ 57, 61 (2d. Cir. 1935).

Note that Applicant has burden of proof in such cases as the above case law makes clear.

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 Claims 1, 4, 8 and 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Onuma (U.S. Patent No. 6.380,071).

Onuma shows all aspects of the instant invention (e.g. Figure 8F) including:

- ➤ a first dielectric layer 15, a second dielectric layer 16 and a stud 38 formed through said first and second layers
- ➤ a third dielectric layer 42 formed over said stud and having an etch selectivity to the second layer
- ➤ a first pad 13 made of the same stop etch material of the third dielectric layer and formed in a region below said third dielectric layer

As to the grounds of rejection under "product by process", how the region below said third dielectric layer is formed, either by removal of a portion of said second dielectric layer (i.e. "undermined") or by some other means, pertains to intermediate process steps and does not affect the final device structure. See MPEP § 2113 which discusses the handling of "product by process" claims.

7. Claims 3 and 5 to 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as obvious over Onuma and Nakamura et al. (U.S. Patent No. 6,492,730).

Onuma shows most aspects of the instant invention (Paragraph 6) except for the second circuit region including conductive lines with spacers on its sidewalls and made of the same material as the etch stop material and a second pad formed over the top of the first pad and stud. Nakamura et al. teach (e.g. Figure 43) to have a second circuit region including conductive lines **WL** with spacers **20** on its sidewalls and made of the same material as the etch stop material and a second pad **40** formed over the top of the first pad and stud to prevent corrosion (Column 2 Lines 5 to 10). It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to have a second circuit region including conductive lines with spacers

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on its sidewalls and made of the same material as the etch stop material and a second pad formed over the top of the first pad and stud as taught by Nakamura et al. in the device of Onuma to prevent corrosion.

As to the grounds of rejection under "product by process", how the spacers and first pad are formed, either simultaneously or in separate steps, pertains to intermediate process steps and does not affect the final device structure. See MPEP § 2113 which discusses the handling of "product by process" claims.

Double Patenting

8. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

9. Claims 1 and 3 to 9 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1 to 6 of U.S. Patent No. 6,518,671. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because they both claim first and second circuit regions with pads of stop etch material.

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10. The terminal disclaimer covering the claims in U.S. Patent No. 6,350,649 is deemed proper and has been entered in the record.

Response to Arguments

11. Applicant's arguments with respect to Claims 1 and 3 to 9 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection. The terminal disclaimer covering the claims of U.S. Patent No. 6,518,671 has not been received.

Conclusion

12. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

13. Papers related to this application may be submitted directly to Art Unit 2814 by facsimile transmission. Papers should be faxed to Art Unit 2814 via the Art Unit 2814 Fax Center located in Crystal Plaza 4, room 3C23. The faxing of such papers must conform with the notice published in the Official Gazette, 1096 OG 30 (15 November 1989). The Art Unit 2814 Fax Center number is (703) 308-7722 or -7724. The Art Unit 2814 Fax Center is to be used only for papers related to Art Unit 2814 applications. The official TC2800 Before-Final, (703) 872-9318, and After-Final,

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(703) 872-9319, Fax numbers will provide the fax sender with an auto-reply fax verifying receipt of their fax by the USPTO.

14.

15. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Howard Weiss at **(703) 308-4840** and between the hours of 8:00 AM to 4:00 PM (Eastern Standard Time) Monday through Friday or by e-mail via **Howard.Weiss@uspto.gov**.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the Group 2800 Receptionist at **(703) 308-0956**.

16. The following list is the Examiner's field of search for the present Office Action:

Field of Search	Date
U.S. Class / Subclass(es): 257/758, 774	thru 12/29/03
Other Documentation: none	
Electronic Database(s): EAST	thru 12/29/03

HW/hw 30 December 2003 Howard Weiss Examiner

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